

Engineering

Merit Badge Workbook

This workbook can help you but you still need to read the merit badge pamphlet.

The work space provided for each requirement should be used by the Scout to make notes for discussing the item with his counselor, not for providing the full and complete answers. Each Scout must do each requirement.

No one may add or subtract from the official requirements found in **Boy Scout Requirements** (Pub. 33216 – SKU 34765).

The requirements were last issued or revised in 2009 • This workbook was updated in June 2012. Scout's Name: Counselor's Name: Counselor's Phone No.: http://www.USScouts.Org • http://www.MeritBadge.Org Please submit errors, omissions, comments or suggestions about this workbook to: Workbooks@USScouts.Org Comments or suggestions for changes to the requirements for the merit badge should be sent to: Merit.Badge@Scouting.Org 1. Select a manufactured item in your home (such as a toy or an appliance) and, under adult supervision and with the approval of your counselor, investigate how and why it works as it does. Find out what sort of engineering activities were needed to create it. Discuss with your counselor what you learned and how you got the information. Select an engineering achievement that has had a major impact on society. Using resources such as the Internet (with your parent's permission), books, and magazines, find out about the engineers who made this engineering feat possible, the special obstacles they had to overcome, and how this achievement has influenced the world today. Tell your counselor what you have learned. Engineers: Obstacles:

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| | Influenc | e: | |
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| 3. | Explain the work of six types of engineers. | | |
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| | Pick two | o of the six and explain how their work is related. | |
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| 4. | Visit wit | h an engineer (who may be your counselor or parent) and do the following: | |
| | a. | Discuss the work this engineer does and the tools the engineer uses. | |
| | | Work: | |
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| | | Tools: | |
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| | b. | Discuss with the engineer a current project and the engineer's particular role in it. | |
| | | Project: | |
| | | <u> </u> | |
| | | Engineer's role: | |
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| | C. | Find out how the engineer's work is done and how results are achieved | |
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| | | d. | Ask to see the reports that the engineer writes concerning the project. |
| | | е. | Discuss with your counselor what you learned about engineering from this visit. |
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| 5. | Do (| | of the following: |
| | Ш | a. | Use the systems engineering approach to make step-by-step plans for your next campout. |
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| | | | List alternative ideas for such items as program schedule, campsites, transportation, and costs. |
| | | | Schedule: |
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| | | | Campsites: |
| | | | |
| | | | Transportation: |
| | | | Transportation: |
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| | | | Costs: |
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| | | | Tell why you made the choices you did and what improvements were made. |
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| | | b. | Make an original design for a piece of patrol equipment. |
| | | | Use the systems engineering approach to help you decide how it should work and look. |
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Using materials. Do experiments to show the differences in strength and heat conductivity in wood, metal, and

Converting energy. Do an experiment to show how mechanical, heat, chemical, solar, and/or electrical energy may be converted from one or more types of energy to another. Explain your results. Describe to your counselor

plastic. Discuss with your counselor what you have learned.

what energy is and how energy is converted and used in your surroundings.

| Eng | gineering | Scout's Name: |
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| | ☐ f. | Moving people. Find out the different ways people in your community get to work. Make a study of traffic flow (number of vehicles and relative speed) in both heavy and light traffic periods. Discuss with your counselor what might be improved to make it easier for people in your community to get where they need to go. |
| | ☐ g. | Building an engineering project . Enter a project in a science or engineering fair or similar competition. (This requirement may be met by participation on an engineering competition project team.) Discuss with your counselor what your project demonstrates, the kinds of questions visitors to the fair asked you about it, and how well were you able to answer their questions. |
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| 7. | Explain | what it means to be a registered Professional Engineer (P.E.). |
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| | Nome th | to tunes of angineering work for which registration is most important |
| | ivallie li | ne types of engineering work for which registration is most important. |
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| 8. | Study th | e Engineer's Code of Ethics. Explain how it is like the Scout Oath and Scout Law |
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|). | nd out about three career opportunities in engineering | | | | |
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| | Pick one and research the education, training, an | nd experience required for this profession. | | | |
| | Career: | | | | |
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| | Training: | | | | |
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| | Experience: | | | | |
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| | Discuss this with your counselor, and explain why this profession might interest you | | | | |
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Requirement resources can be found here:

http://www.meritbadge.org/wiki/index.php/Engineering#Requirement resources

Attachment - (NOTE: It is not necessary to print this page.)

Important excerpts from the 'Guide To Advancement', No. 33088:

Effective January 1, 2012, the 'Guide to Advancement' (which replaced the publication 'Advancement Committee Policies and Procedures') is now the official Boy Scouts of America source on advancement policies and procedures.

- [Inside front cover, and 5.0.1.4] Unauthorized Changes to Advancement Program

 No council, committee, district, unit, or individual has the authority to add to, or subtract from, advancement requirements.

 (There are limited exceptions relating only to youth members with disabilities. For details see section 10, "Advancement for Members With Special Needs".)
- [Inside front cover, and 7.0.1.1] The 'Guide to Safe Scouting' Applies

 Policies and procedures outlined in the 'Guide to Safe Scouting', No. 34416, apply to all BSA activities, including those related to advancement and Eagle Scout service projects. [Note: Always reference the online version, which is updated quarterly.]

• [7.0.3.1] — The Buddy System and Certifying Completion

Youth members must not meet one-on-one with adults. Sessions with counselors must take place where others can view the interaction, or the Scout must have a buddy: a friend, parent, guardian, brother, sister, or other relative —or better yet, another Scout working on the same badge— along with him attending the session. When the Scout meets with the counselor, he should bring any required projects. If these cannot be transported, he should present evidence, such as photographs or adult certification. His unit leader, for example, might state that a satisfactory bridge or tower has been built for the Pioneering merit badge, or that meals were prepared for Cooking. If there are questions that requirements were met, a counselor may confirm with adults involved. Once satisfied, the counselor signs the blue card using the date upon which the Scout completed the requirements, or in the case of partials, initials the individual requirements passed.

• [7.0.3.2] — Group Instruction

It is acceptable—and sometimes desirable—for merit badges to be taught in group settings. This often occurs at camp and merit badge midways or similar events. Interactive group discussions can support learning. The method can also be attractive to "guest experts" assisting registered and approved counselors. Slide shows, skits, demonstrations, panels, and various other techniques can also be employed, but as any teacher can attest, not everyone will learn all the material.

There must be attention to each individual's projects and his fulfillment of *all* requirements. We must know that every Scout — actually and *personally*— completed them. If, for example, a requirement uses words like "show," "demonstrate," or "discuss," then every Scout must do that. It is unacceptable to award badges on the basis of sitting in classrooms *watching* demonstrations, or remaining silent during discussions. Because of the importance of individual attention in the merit badge plan, group instruction should be limited to those scenarios where the benefits are compelling.

• [7.0.3.3] — Partial Completions

Scouts need not pass all requirements with one counselor. The Application for Merit Badge has a place to record what has been finished — a "partial." In the center section on the reverse of the blue card, the counselor initials for each requirement passed. In the case of a partial completion, he or she does not retain the counselor's portion of the card. A subsequent counselor may choose not to accept partial work, but this should be rare. A Scout, if he believes he is being treated unfairly, may work with his Scoutmaster to find another counselor. An example for the use of a signed partial would be to take it to camp as proof of prerequisites. Partials have no expiration except the 18th birthday.